



Product Data Sheet

Cat # RP-1471

Human Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor-1

Size: 10 ug

Plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 is the principal inhibitor of tissue plasminogen activator (tPA) and urokinase (uPA), the activators of plasminogen and hence fibrinolysis (the physiological breakdown of blood clots). It is a serine protease inhibitor (serpin) protein (SERPINE1). The other PAI, plasminogen activator inhibitor-2 (PAI-2) is secreted by the placenta and only present in significant amounts during pregnancy. In addition, protease nexin acts as an inhibitor of tPA and urokinase. PAI-1, however, is the main inhibitor of the plasminogen activators.

Usage: This item is for LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY. The product may not be used as drugs, agricultural or pesticidal products, food additives or household chemicals.

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Source: Constitutively active human plasminogen activator inhibitor 1, stable mutant 14-1B1 having a Molecular mass of 43 kDa. This human form of PAI-1 contains the following four mutations: K154T, Q139L, M354I and N150H. These mutations combine to confer great stability to the otherwise labile molecule essentially locking it into the active conformation. The PAI1 is purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques. 0.05M sodium phosphate 0.15M NaCl and 1mM EDTA (pH 6.6).

Applications and Suggested Dilutions: Greater than 95.0% as determined by: (a) Analysis by RP-HPLC. (b) Analysis by SDS-PAGE. Users must optimize the appropriate concentration and conditions for each assay.

Storage and Stability: Human Plasminogen Activator Inhibitor 1 although stable at 8°C Celsius for 1 week, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. If supplied in powder then reconstitute it in 100 ul water for 1 mg/ml stock and store in liquid at 4°C for ~1 week or aliquots in suitable size and store at -20°C for long term storage.